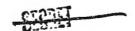
14 May 1965

ME: ORANDUH FOR: Chief, SR/CI

SUBJECT : 3-13 May Interrogation of MOSENKO

- 1. Although I have attended all nine (9) sessions in the current phase of MOSEMKO's interrogation, I as yet have been unable to determine the reasons for the interrogaton(1) conduct and manner and the true purpose of the phase itself.
- 2. As the interrogator noted in the beginning, he is to be concerned only with "certain personal matters." The interrogation of MOSENKO along such lines and MASENKO's responses neither have produced any change in my opinion of MOSENKO nor have appeared to have opened up any new, useful or valuable information to us.
- 3. Perhaps, from the psychologists' point of view, this interrogation has been of some value; but, even if this is so, I cannot see it from a review of his reports. These reports all contain basic errors arising from the psychologist's lack of knowledge of Soviet meality and his lack of experience with the true nature of Soviet man. The psychologist is not prepared to properly deal with and evaluate MOSENKO because MOSENKO is first, a Russian; second, a Soviet; third, a Communist; and, in addition to all of this, a highly trained intelligence agent.
- A. ROSENKO is one of a kind. It is quite likely that the psychologist never has experienced such a personality before. Then, with the wide difference in their backgrounds and the psychologist's resulting inability to understand NOSENKO's character, it is understandable that he cannot properly judge NOSENKO and his conduct. The most we can be a made and a new continuous are the carefully considered epinions of those who



*** APPROVED FOR RELEASE 1994---CIA HISTORICAL REVIEW PROGRAM have backgrounds more similar to that of MOSENAO and experience with persons of MOSENAO's type. This becomes more and more obvious to me as I hearing the psychologist say, "Well, he is probably telling the truth," when in I have seen clearly that MOSENAO has been lying. There have been many such cases in this RM latest phase of the interregation.

- 5. As a result of such instances instances of "seft interregation," where MOSENKO's obvious lies have not been challenged MOSENKO can new only be getting the impression that there still is a way out for him. We must remember that MOSENKO care to us prepared only for complete success or failure; he expected that in the case of failure he would be subjected to MOSENKO hard interregation, harsh treatment, strong punishment. Yet he new finds himself in the peculiar position of having FOSENCE MOSENCE and allowed to continue with his lies and dezinformatsiya despite his detention. He can new only be thinking that there still is some hope for him and for his mission.
- 6. In his report on the 3 May session (first session), the decter wrote: "... After applicating for having stemach trouble he became most receptive and even eager to cooperate. In general his manner during the interview remained relaxed, spentaneous and relevant.... As the interview progressed it was apparent to me that he was getting considerable psychological relief from the interview. At the time he left, he actually told me goodbye...." This is typical of many such statements and incidents which are my reasons for asking do we really need this kind of interrogation? ROMANNAMENTALIANA



interregation should be abandened.

- 7. Elsewhere the frychologist writes that "the picutre that MOSENKO painted of his father was that of a hard working man.... Accredited as a worker at 13 or 14.... He graduated from the institute the year after MOSENKO was bern in 1928. MOSENKO tells of being teld that his father would work at home on his studies while helding MOSENKO acress his knows to quiet him when he would cry." We know all of this except the fact that MOSENKO held his sen acress his knows from the Seviet newspaper, Fravda, in a August 1956; and what father has not held his crying child acress his knees to confort him?
- 8. It is certain that REEN our ECSENKO did have a father, and times
 it is quite likely that this father held him across his kneek. Yet this
 does not answer the real question is our ECSENKO's father Ivan Isiderevich
 ECSENKO?
- 9. ROSENKO teld us in this first session that his father studied in
 the Rabfak and the institute while working full-time suring the years 1923-28.
 The dector was quite impressed with MOSENKO's statements on this. Yet Pravia netedenly the studies of (again on 3 August 1956, in MOSENKO's obituary) rain/insta / MOSENKO, Ivan had if Islderevich; Mosenko Mosenko, Ivan Islderevich; Mosenko Mosenko, Ivan Islderevich, also/been working at the time he was studying, Pravda would have mentioned this without fail, because it was that much more to MOSENKO's credit. Further, the 3 August 1956 Pravda clearly stated that after graduation from the institute, MOSENKO, I. I., was sent to MOME a ship-building plant.
- 10. In the same session, MOSENKO stated that at some point in 1922 his
 (3 Aug 56)
 father was admitted to the Party. <u>Fravda/states</u> that MOSENKO I. I. entered the
 Party in 1925. According to MOSENKO his family moved to Loningrad early in 1934.

 <u>Pravda</u> (3 Aug 56) states that they moved in 1935.



- 11. If MOSENAO does not remember what his father did how he torked and studied, when the family neved, when he was admitted to the CPSU why does no not say so? Why is he apparently guessing at these things? Also, why can't he remember these things when he can remember being held across his father's knees?
- 12. The psychologists report includes and assessment of MOSERKO's mether:

 "An hypothesis that could be made based on the description of the mother, would
 be that she would have difficulty adjusting away from Mikelayev where she had
 been bern and where she could depend on her mether." Of whom is this not true?

 Who does not experience seze difficulty in nowing away from familiar neighborhoods
 and friends? Do we really need this assessment of MOSERKO's methors emotions of
 35 years age? Do we need it badly enough to spend this much time and effort
 getting it?
- 13. The psychologist's report continues: "... His (NCSENGO's) mether continued to get support from her father, and they apparently lived better (or beyond their means) in Leningrad." So what? Is the point that we should thank MOSENGO's grandmether for helping NCSENGO grow and come to us? MAMM If not, then again what is the point? Why do we need this?
- 14. It is my epinion that the type MPAN and line of questioning used

 MM of present in this phase of MESENEO's interrogation should be abandoned;

 we must drop this policy of letting MOSENEO ramble on freely and uninterruptedly—

 about the uninvertant details of his youth. Instead, we should begin now

 to press MOSENEO and question him in detail about such things as:
- a. His father's life (we still cannot be certain that MCSENAO's father was the I. I. MCSENAO); For example, MCSENAO's father's service in ChON (& what cresit was given MCSENAO for this while he was working in State Security); was it even mentioned in his file?);
 - b. His grandfather (external); for example, his arrest and eouth in

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jail, the role this played when MESENKO entered the MGB, the manner in which it was recorded in MCSENKO's file, MOSENKO's questioning in Personnel (identities of Personnel employees included) about this; MOSENKO speke with some happiness and gratitude of the financial assistance given his family by the grandfather — the MGB would have been most unhappy to learn of this/.

15. If MCSEMKO were really the person he claims to be he would have speken more precisely of his father's rank (rank given and date received).

According to Pravda, in 1944 MCSEMAD's father got the rank of Engineer-Rear Asimiral. MCSEMADERANG The real MCSEMAD also should be able to tell us more decorations precisely of the MATEMARISM given his father. According to Pravda, he was awarded three Orders of Lenin, Order of Makhimov Pirst Class, three Orders of Red Banner (Laber), Order of Red Star, Order of Medal of Hener (Znak Pecheta)

16. Further, in order to be certain that we have the real MOSENAC, we should question him in detail about his father's death and funeral, starting with the illness and the dectors in attendance through the procession from the Hall of Columns to the Krenlin wall. I do not wish to include such detailed questions in this name, but can decome produce them upon request/name especially those on the funeral procession, having twice been in such procession myself.

17. According to Pravia (5 Aug 56), H. I. BOBROVNIKOV was a member of the funeral cormission and opened the funeral ceremony on Red Square. BOBROVNIKOV at that time was Chairman of the Mescew City Council. During the 13 May 1965 interview, MOSENKO mentioned a girl friend, Marina, who once worked as secretary to BOBROVNIKOV. If this was then a true statement, then MCSENKO should be able to tell us much about BOBROVNIKOV; furthermore, when talking about Marina, MCSENKO should probably have also volunteered the information that "this was the same BOBROVNIKOV who was on the commission for my father's funeral....."

18. 3 May 1965 Interview. Even new we are not certain of the date when the MOSENKO family neved to Leningrad; MASENKO says it was in 1934, but Pravda reports the nove as having been in 1935. It is possible to believe that MOSENKO might have forgetten the date, but we must remember that he associates the move with his level of schooling. That is, MOSENKO says that he moved from the O-class in Mikelayev in 1934, when he was 6 years eld; he says that in Leningrad he was in the first grade.

pessible to believe that NOSERKO might have forgetten these friends if he had no centact with them in later years; Fet NOSERKO himself says that he wisited Nikelayev twice after the family had neved from there. Certainly he must have not with some of those friends, and man it is certain also that he would remember these meetings.

b. Although MOSENKO could remember none of his friends from Mikolayov, it is interesting to note, he reperbered very well that when his family noved to Leningrad in 1934 they were met by his father with a "GAZ# automobile."

- . MOSENKO remembers also that while in Leningrad his family lived at
 - (1) Pleshchad! Stachek,
 - (2) Griboyedevia Kanal, and
- (3) EMANGENTIAN ulitsa Gorkege. THE But HOSENED could name no friends or neighbors when he knew well while in Leningrad.
- d. NOSENKO never mentions visiting former friends when visiting former places of residence.
- e. The psychologists may accept these "lapses of remery" as being "just human," but I cannot.
 - 19. & May Interview. During this interview, M.SENKO changed his story

slightly, saying that his family moved to Leningrad in March-April 1935, where he started the first grade (in Spetember 1935). NOSENEO could not, however, describe the school or name even one of his teachers. When the dector insisted this time that NOSENEO name some friends, he gave the mickname, "Shturm," but failed to give the bey's true name; he also Market Even if gave the name, Oleg ESTELLY SAFRONOV. ESTED accept as a fact that NOSENEO manufacture really cannot remember any of his friends NOSENEON MARKET from childhood, we cannot believe that he also has completely forgetten about the naval school and the tekhnikum.

20. General. During these latest sessions, NCSENKO has been trying very hard to put the record of his schooling in proper order. But in view of what has been stated in the past/himmensum and his present errors, it must be said that he is finding it impossible and he is much not a tall convincing. In my eximien everything he has told us about this, starting from the 1941 period, has been a lie. It is possible that he really was in Knybyshev and Baku for one reason or another, but FMAM his min description of the circumstances and situations is unbelievable imm and fits no Seviet pattern of life.

21. On 4 May MOSENKO said that while he attended the 585th High School in Mascow, he had two friends — Vladimir KABAKOV and Anatoliy TIMAKOV. But these were not friends who also lived on Sarafinevich Street, nor were they children of Seviet high officials. MOSENKO failed to name any friends who were children of high officials, except SABUROV.

22. MOSERAC'S description of his life on Serafimevich Street could never convince me that he ever really lived there. Among the high efficials living on Serafimovich Street, MOSERAO mentioned MENTAL SHVERHIE first.

According to my knowledge, prior to WW II so many other members of the

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Seviet government also were living there (KAGANOVICH, etc.). If NCSENSO is the person he claims to be he should be able freely to name and discuss many persons MAMAGAMM from among the first-ranking efficials who lived on Serafinevich Street; not just SHVERHIK (whose address, incidentally, already has been published in The Secret World).

- l. It was the intenti n of the undersigned to attend every session conducted by the dictor in hope to gain something new and useful for our future interrogations. During these sessions, I managed only to refresh my memory of things MCSENKO had previously said. Nothing new or significant developed during these sessions except for a few miner facts which have no great value. It should be mentioned that many of the facts that MCSENKO stated about his past life were more mixed up than the story he had proviously related.
- 2. It is not the intent of the paper to criticize the work which the doctor has done because the sessions have alreadly taken phace and the work is completed. By main objection to this type of interregation is that the doctor tried to maintain a neutral attitude and never my opinion that challanged any of MCSEMKO's statements. It is/the doctor made a mistake in the last session when he teld MISEMKO "Y on are MCSEMKO." This leads MISEMKO to believe we accepted his life story and family background, and it would be very hard to question him again on this subject. It is my opinion that we did not have enough information to make a definite or neclusion that he is MCSEMKO. That MISEMKO teld us could be obtained or learned by another person very well brick on these matters. West of the information that MCSEMKO gave to us about his parents is stillnot convincing to make conclusions. Nest of the questions during the recent sessions were of a loading nature and MISEMMO's answerms appoared to be of the type that the doctor wanted.

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In my opinion, MASELMC did not say more about his father, and in many instance less, than the newspaper Pravda said in 1956.

3. In the doctor's epinion, MCSENKO mentioned to us quite a few family friends who were around the MCSENKO family and at the first leek it is a minimized with the first leek it is associated enly names who logically would be animized with MCSENKO or MCSENKO's revealing that he familiary about their activities or private lives.

Significantly, most of the information MCSENKO has given us is about people who are mathematical dead or no longer in authority. For example, MALTISHEY, (former loputy chairman of the Council of Ministers, died);

VAKHOUSHEY, (died); SABURCY, (no longer a VIP); KABULCY, (shet); MINISHEY, (no longer VIP); KUZNETSOV, Mario, (shet); SECHERBAKOV, (died); and others.

A. H rentiened a few names who are VIPs new, but did not say anything interesting about them. For example, he rentiened SHVERNIK who livesen wicha

Serificevelogs Street, a fact known to everyone, er/family friendship

Lately he mentioned Farshal ZHUKOV's on ghter who he knew—we/have

a good picture of Rima ZHUKOVA from one of our employees as well as a good
description of ZHUKTV's apartment.

5. The only c nelusion we can come to from the foregoing is that RUSARRO has been allowed to-may little or nothing about the lives of important

Soviet officials, or this name is not NOVERIZO and all he knows is the

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is the legend which has been provided him or or answers which he could figure out himself.

6. Withe regard to his rather, he did not cention anything of importance to us. He did not mention any of his mether's friunds among Soviet VIPS, and tried to avoid or change the subject when this matter was brought up.

7. I am not convinced that EKSENKO lived on Serimevicha and Granevskiy Streets because he gave so little information about these areas that it is impossible to judge if he actually lived there. Although he gave correct information about a few VIPs who lived in housesin that area, other details are lacking which would confirm his residence there.

8. EKSENKO's latest information on his educational background is so mixed up and he made so many mistakes regarding Seviet realities that it is impossible to believe him any part of his education.

9. I den't believe any part of MOSEMKO's story about his mil tary service.

"The Maval Preparatory School in Eaku and Leningrad." According to Soviet

regulation, a person was usually called in the army when he is 19 (these
called be called at age 18.

who have graduated from high school or otherwise have a higher caucation)

EXSENSO BOOKE was been on than 30 October 1927, then he would be 18 years

eld on 30 October 1945. He could be called into the army at this time, i.e.,
the fall of 1945, although he should have been 18 by September of that year.

Ordinarily, he would be called to service in 1946. In my epinion, everything

EXSENSO said about his military background in any kind of service school

prior to the fall of 1945 is a lie. EXSENSO, then did not attend the Higher

Maval Schools in leningrad and Baku because he was too young to attend these

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schools and the schools only accepted students who were ready for regular
for acceptance in these schools was
nilitary service, and the lowest ago/municial 18 years. Then we still have
unanswered questions on where, when, and how MCSEMMO finished high
school. MCSEMMO's story that he took some courses in Mescow Evening High
Gornyy
School Attached to finish Institute and his attendance at the Loningrad
Shipbuild ng Technicum, I consider as a complete lie, because it does
not

logical fit any/pattern of Saviet reality.

10. It is my belief that MUSINZO probably never was in actual military the service and definitely did not take/military eath the way he accorded it, i.e., that he hiter took the path at the age of 15 or 16 in Baku. It is not conduct necessary to rake any minormanch research since an individual mad to be 18 and on active duty in the service in order to be eligible to take the military eath. If we believe that MUSERAC was admitted to the Leningrad Higher Military Preparatory School in 1944 with 9 grades of showever, education he would not be admitted to the school because of his age and because he could not take the eath until October 1945.

11. During the last interregation, there was some confusion on MUSERACO'S part about his military ranks. And now we have three different stories about his ranks. Jr. Lt. — June 1947

Sr. Lt — end of 53 or carry 54 also has stated that he was promoted to Lt. in 1950 last interview, he stated that he was promoted to Sr Lt in April or Fay 1953.

spring of 1951.

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Capt - July 1956

Major - Aug/Sept 1959

ablast

He new states that he never was a major.

Lt Col-Nov 1963

Me said his
Promotion had to be approved by the Contral Committee because of his
youth. These stories about his military ranks should not be taken
should be
seriously and/considered as a complete lie.

SOUR POINTS FROM THE DOCTUR'S INTERVIEW

- 1. NOSERECHEN stated (7 May 1965) that he took the cath in Baku in 1943 when he was 15 years old, but he did not remember how he enrolled in the Baku school. In the same meeting, he stated that while he was in the Baku school he was komindir otdelening. Also in the same interview he stated that he was in the Moskovskiy Flotskiy Flotskiy Hkipazh. It should be said that the Moskovskiy Flotskiy Kkipazh was only for naval persennel who were called in the regular naval service. All of this should be considered as a lie.
- when he was 16 years old and was mox put under here arrest. If this iminantaries incident really took place, it is more likely that papa helped him to get out of the arrest or it is possible to think that after this arrest for some crime unknown to us he was put in jail and then in a concentration or labor camp. This is why ECSENKO tells us a story that in 1944, in the fall, he was working for two or three months in the forest, where he get sick and conditions were very bad. As ECSENKO described it, the c mittie s were note like a labor camp than a regular military unit.

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- the naval preparatory school of Frunze in 1944 but he didn't start any studies until Mevember or December 1944 because the whole school was working in the ferest. Then in February or March 1945, the sheeting accident took place and he spent seme time in the hospital and in May he enrelled in a shipbuilding techicum. MOSZNKO tried to make us believe that while he was in the naval preparatory school he studied lith grade subjects, but as we can see, in actual fact, he did not study anything because he had no time. Laters he stated that when he enrelled and in the shipbuilding technicum in May, the next menth he gunduated and received his certificate as if he graduated from a high school, and get the right to ge to a higher institution. Only a crazy person could believe this story.
- A. During all the interrogations, we never got a clear picture internal how he received his first/passport in Lemingrad and how he received his first military ticket. If he really was deneblized and put in the meserve it should take place somewhere later than October 1945 when he became 18 years eld. Definitely there will be no talk about any military ticket before you reach 18 years old. And more likely at that time he should have been 19 years add to have been called into the service or posted to the reserve. It should be noted here if ECSEEO really was in the naval preparatory school in 1944 and 1945 and received his military ticket in 1945 then he definitely should be two years older than he claims.

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On 5 Pay , MCSENKO named more friends. He mentioned again SABULIV's sens. One of them killed his wife (Valya Yefrimovay, the daughter of deputy minister YEFRIMAY). He killed her because he found her in bed with another man. Deputy Minister V. V. YEFRINEV was deputy to McCEMEO's father. He was at his funeral and delivered a speech in Red Square during the funeral ceremeny. It was neticable that therefore the management when we questioned h.m about friends he always mentioned SABURGV. MUSERKO only contioned YEFR. MIV by name and did not give a y details. If N SENKO is the person is the person he is supposed to to, he would known much more about the life and background of the deputy to his father. And here ag ain we have an example of a person the in mentioned the is no lenger a VIP. 6. On 6 May NOSENKO told us stories about the eldest can of SABUROV who was married the daughter of the forcer Minister of Railroads KOVALLY . It should be noted here that the full stery of KCVALEV was published in my book The Secret World. KCVALEV was punished and lost his V.P status in 1950.

7. On 21 May, in enswering the dector's questions about his first work in the KGB, MCSENKO told us a story h w he received an order to write a statement to arrest a Soviet citizen who was connected with foreigners. (MAXIMIAN The Soviet citizen wrote a letter to the American Embassk) According to MCSENKO he rejected this type of work although there was BERIYA's resolution for felt arrest (Russian work is remediate). Further, MCSENKO explained that the man was not guilty. The point of this story was to prove that he was working in the SCD.

8. On 20 May RESERED once again rendiened that the working hours of the EGB were from 10:30 in the morning until 1 etclock in the morning, with a

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break between 5 and 8 in the even ng. An I already said before l'escew Headquarters until later July or August 1953 working hours were from 11 AM to 12 PM with a reak from 5 to 8 in the evening. In oblast KGB, including Moscow city, working hours were from 10:30 in the morning to 1 e cleck in the merning. Somewhere at the end of J mly and the beginning of August 1953, working hours were changed and were from 9 All to 6 PH with a lunch tracks broak of 1/2 to 1 hour taken between the hours of 1 PM to 3 PM fer all the effices of the KCB including hesaquarters and the oblast. Then it is possible to think that paybee sensuhere in lescow eblast; Leningram, or some other city, EC/ENXO used to work as a case officer er was closely consected with this oblast KGB. That is where he learned the working hours. That is why by race the mistake of regarding the working heurs in headquarters. 9. When the dectory is writing in the surrary of MCSENKO's psychological assessment to called him a bright seciepath. Paybe he is, but in my epinion a wory well trained agent with great ingenuity and insignam preparation. clutely disagrees with the dector's statement that "He has been essentially e myincing and accurate in general if not sluays truthful in detail." In

9. When the dead erg is writing in the summary of Mashand's psychological assessment i.e called him a bright seciepath. Paybe he is, but in my epinion he is a wory well trained agent with great ingenuity and brakgrams preparation, absolutely disagrees with the decter's statement that "He has been essentially a my entire and accurate in general if not always truthful in detail." In one point it is pessible to agree with the decter that MOSENKO does not present to us the complete legend. In my epinion, MASENKO developed his own story or legend his self in response to leading questions, especially about his early life and schooling up to 1953. And from 1952-1953 and on , up to his defection, we should believe that it was a legend developed to MOSENKO by the KGB, of course, with his help.

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1. It is suggested that I partic pate in the next hestile, needling interrogati.n. His also suggested that I interrogate him alone in theinterregation reem , although I prefer that semeene be present in the room . But if I am aloneit will give me greater authority in MISERKO's eyes, and this may be a psychological factor working to my benefit. But if NCSEEKO is taken to another place, then it is pessible to interrogate hin im asked CiA authorities tox for a long time to talk to INSEREC. In the event of :y participation in the interrogation to avoid mistakes and nisunderstandings, the interregation should be held in Russian. It is not possible to rake the interregation as hostile as it night be and to needle him if the interrogati n is held in English, as NCSKEKO does not understand strong words in English as well as he does in Russian. Larkng the interregation I will not speak fast an error to make it understandable. It is understood that I am going to be correct, but not polite. I would try to avoid getting inte any arguments with ECSENKO In case of arguments, I would ask him to be scated and to answer the questions. In the event he recognizes and tells me who I am, it is possible to give two answers: 1. I am not he but he is coming soon to talk to you, and you are mistaken. 2. You, I am D and you are going to give no proof that you are H. You have to give me proof that you did work for the KCB.

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In case of my participation , I would like to be able to use all the information that MOSENKO has previously told us. In utilizing this information, I would like to have a free hand to press him on certain points which I feel would be of value to use in gaining a confession from him. I need permission to . use the names of Bagley, Big George, and Eurphy, of course, only in the proper way and when it is necessary. The use of the changes in the Seviet gavernment could be disscussed having in mind thouse those events in at the proper time when it is ap arent that it will help him to c nfess (the use of only the fall of KHRUSHCHEV without revealing the rise of SHELE-TH and SEMICHASTHY.) It could be used in vari us ways, for example, a newspaper on the trains table with ally the headline showing. He could be allawed to see the paper insavertently and we could see what his reaction is. Or, the inferration could be brought out at a point in the interrogation when we are srying to stress that he must confess since we know he is telling lies, and furthermore, his bosses are no longer in authority in the S. wiet Union and all is lost for him anyhow.

- 2. During the interregation stress should constantly be given to the fact that MCSENGO is being used as a tool of the KCB without proper training of American realities, and that his missi n was doomed from the start because of this.
- 3. If it is decided to give him some drugs, titshould be given prior to the hestile interrogation, so that we can use any 68 the information gained from the use of these drugs against him. The first matter which should be mixed determined if drugs are used in whether he is MOENKO or not.

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4. I would not heat tate to continue the interrogations to the point where perhaps perhaps could be extremely tired and propriet less able to resist heatile enough questioning. If there is not minepain personnel for extended periods of interrogation, then he should be left in the interrogation room during breaks in the interrogation.

VULNERABLE AREAS TO BE EX LCITED DURING THE LEXT HOSTICE INTERECGATION

le Everything about MSEHAO's education starting from Leningrad elementary school, nove to Poscov, Poscov schooling, should be examined. And special attention should be devoted to the schools he attended in September 1941. Embyshow, Haku, Mascow, Leningrad, and back to Moscow again, During the interregation of this period, we should challenge MSENKO by the facts that he could not be at any military school prior to the fall of 1945. Then we de not believe his stery. This in erregation should include detailed questioning about his travel to Kubyshev, Baku, to find out where he really was at that period. At the same time , MCSEMED should be questioned about there his parents lived from October 1941 thru 1942. Also he should be questioned about h.s first passport which he is supposed to receive not earlier than thank Lovezber 1943 and not lat r thin the beginning of 1944. The same can be said about his military ticket, i.e., when and hew he received his first military ticket, through what military commissariat, because he could not receive his military ticket earlier than Kevesber 1945. His story that he received his military ticket in the summer of 1945 is false. What redical commission has was be examined by before he get his filitary ticket should be ascertained. It is impossible that BCSEMMO was on active military service prior to 1945 including any military schools because of his age. He should have been called to active duty in the fall of 1945 er fore

likely in 1946. If he was posted in active reserve in 1945 or 1946 then the question is why he was not called into the army.

Together with this gies the question of H SEERO's education x in the Institute of International Relations. The story he told us is unbelievable. First he states that it was a four year course and that he graduated in 1949 and later on he changed hissbory and raid that it was a five year course and that he graduated in 1950.

2. MOSENKO's first carriage to TELECIN's daughter and diverce. Conthis subject, MCSEMED should be questioned about his registration of the carriage, passports, what district was the carriage registered in , about banks apartments on the First Meshchanskaya Street, including his military status at this time, what kind of military ticket he had, when it was registered. Fore définite questions shouls be asked about the divorce ann-uncement in the newspapers and full precedure of the divorce including the two court sessions (district and eblast' courts). Alimny - the exact amount of alimony, reminding to him that earilier he told us that he baid to his first wife 150,000 rubles form his money which he earned serving in the Far East. According to the latest MCSEME statements he spent in the Far East less than 20 months. If this is the case, then MCSERNO 31333 received more than 5,0.0 reubles a month. To make during the 20 months the 100,000 rubles Even if MCSEMEO was in the Par East and peccived there a double salarly as a jr. It. the first year of service in the GRU, he could not make more than 3,000 rubles a month (I gave here the highest possible salarly for a junior efficer)

3. Both of the subjects mentioned above should be muchanish investigated

SECRET

along with the matter of where N. SENKO was living at that time, aying s.ocial attention to Serifenicha, Granevskoge and First Foshchanskaya Streets, keeping in mind that these subjects will really show if he is EOSERKO. If we do not get proper ensweres on hhe first two subjects, if he continues to lie or give unsatisfactory ensuers, then in my opinion it is not necessary to question him about his study in the foreight relations institute. If the answers are satisfactory or more realistic then we would move to the Institute of International Relations. 4. NOSRHKO's Entry to the KGB. Because we have 4 or 5 different dates on his entry into the KGB I think it would be a good idea to start quustioning him from the point when he said that once prior to 1952 he had complete interview with the KGB Expressmentative representative about his employment in the KGB, but he rejected their proposal because he did not like it. From this point we would go on from the beginning somewhere in 1952 when he first talked with KABULOV and so on. And he should be challenged all the time that EGB did not work he way he described to us. Then somewhere during the interrogation he should be reminded or asked questions could a person be in KGB service if he:XXX

ag recomend to the KGB by a person who was shot to death as an energy of the people.

b. whose fother's background is noble (dvoryan), and whose graddfather was a Tretskiyite and who was arrested and died in jail.

c. whose fither of first wife was arrested and was in fail the day he entered the AGB.

SEC

- d. Who divorced his first wife not in the proper way and probably was the guilty and question about he was his immerality was discussed in the party commission of the CPSU
- e. who entered the KGET when he was already overage member of the Komsemel without any desire to become may a newber of the Communist Party
- f. whould a person with such background mentioned above be taken to work in the SCD American Department
- g. who was lost his Komsemel rembership because of his misuse of operational documents and immorality.
 - h. who was arrested for 15 days for the reasons mentioned above.
 - i. who was without Komsomol and party membership for 2 years.
- j. who rejected the order of the Minister to write a statement for arrest in the vourse of his work .

It is very hard now to develop questions about h s entry into the KGB but he should be challenged all the time about his answers.

- 5. I did not mention about his being in the Fer East and how he was transferred from GRU to KGB. The line of questions on this matter would be depend or connected whith answers in about his caucation and how he entered the KGB. Questions about his traff transfer from the GRU to the KGB could be put together when we will question him about his entry into the KGB, his personal file, and military ranks.
- 6. I would definitely utilize and show to him the number 7, what is connected with it, anijust ask him for an explanation.
- 7. MOSENKO's trip to Gorkly in search of CHEREPANCY. This question should

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stabled from the point where he first heard of CHERE ANCY's defection from Moscow, NOSENKO's trip to Corkly and how long he studied the CHEREPANOV papers. Here all the NOSEIKO documents should be an hand. 8. KCSENKO's operational and social activities on Red Square during the holi ays and father's funeral also wire KCSEMKO's presence at the Kremlin should be closely investigated because it is my belief he/was often in Red Square as he claimed. If he was there, it was only once or twice and it would be easy to mix him up about these matters. Questions on this subject could be developed according to his answers. 9. I to ld like to take MCSEMMO on a trip from Kurskiy Station in Moscow to his apartment on Narodnaya Streetalong Chkalovskaya Street and Tuganka . Also on a trip along Dzorzhinskiy StreetSretenka Street and First Moshchanskaya Street to his apartment building where he lived with his first wife. This is necessary to be sure that he real y lived in those places. I still do not believe that he really lived at these addresses , except for the fact that he may have lived nearby in sufehouses. 10. Interrogation on operational questions such as his work with agents

Note: I have no special suggestions how to exploit MCSEMMO's information, it depends on the next stage of the interrogation, but I am against turning turning him back to the Soviets, whether he confesses of not.

We have have to reverything in our power to take him confess in order to win this big game.

and his use of safehouse, etc. could be held later. It depends how the

presonne interrogation goes.

If we publish his story even with our changes without his confession



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we will be on the losing side. There is no room to indexide grantly that defection is that the act of an honorable notivated can without his confession

CLUBET

14

A Rola

14 January, 1964

is necessarily independent, an the understanded did not have access to the original documents; not has it been possible to delete them. 03% ADD regard at some of the Soviet docutent, and there masorial contained to the Will provided ma-Conver, destite the e shortcomings, the following analysis is offered in the hold that it may serve as gaine for fature debriefing of this. OSTALD, . It is my firm belief that such further debriefing of Mrs. OCCALD is necessary Lecause of manero's mistakes in her Soviet. idocumentation; suspicious gaps and disgrepancies in her story regarding her life in the MSE; and some peculiarities to her correspondence with addressees in the USSA, which strongly suggest that some form of open code was employed befreen ber and her correspondents in the USSR.

> APPROVED FOR RELEASE 1994 CIA HISTORICAL REVIEW PROCRAM

microfices, analysis of the assistant Course Consequentallian our should be asked howele convival the matromysde Micolegovan - her bioleg too earn indicates she was born one of wedlock. This is a edited by our birth tectify in the arms to appear to the Enther is not listed. lots is not may posint group of fee may cheation of tastand caredone. If she took too getoon the of her stepfather, less batronysis should be debandrevon, after her steplar meta given mise. In the Inviet police state, birth registration records are reticulously maintained. Paper to the regard to the payments of newborn children, this is a life-long indicator of the father of the child. As is well known the decivation, profession, politics, eto, of the father Temperatly Loceras the future security officered enterems, their qualitication to enter. the CPPS, perhaps in telephone of bearing, government pervice etc. Branch Branch Branch

From my ash experience in the deviet security services I's

know that the Soviets will not register the name of the father if there has not been a formal marriage - even if the identity of the common-law father is known.

Birth Certificates - Actually three copies of Marina's birth certificates are furnished. ITEM #340 is a copy of her birth certificate issued on 19 July 1961, in Arkhangelsh. The other two birth certificates are contained in ITEMS 264-270. These are notarized copies of ITEM #340, notarized in MINNE. One of those later two birth certificates was procured on 4 Aug. 1961 and the second was obtained on 8 Aug. 1961. Two different notary's notarized these two birth certificates - both obtained in Minsk within a four day period. By the hand-certificate is anything that the same person filled out the MINNE tieth samplificates - only the notary's signatures

ato different Regarding all three birth certificates
the following questions should be asked of Marina:

- a) The origin of her NIKOLAYEVMA patronymic.
- b) What happened to the original of her birth certificate which she must have had in order to enter primary school, pharmacy school, and to get her passport when she reached the age of 16 in
- c) Why did she request a second copy, marked "TCVTORNAVA", of her birth certificate ITEM #349 from ARRHANGELSK? (**) -
- d) ITEM #340 was issued in Arkhange at about a 1000 kilometers from MINSK. Did she travel there personally to apply for her birth certificate? Did she write for it. Tas is sent to her through the mail or did she pick it up at the Minsk militia headquarters.

 What reason did she give the ARKHANGELSK militia

birth certificate. Why was she applying for this birth certificate on 19 July 1961.

e) The ITEM #340 birth certificate is supposed to be an exact duplicate of the birth certificate issued after her birth. This normally is issued several days after birth because parents do not usually rush down to register the birth of a child on the day of the birth not even in the USSR. ITEM #340 shows that MARINA's birth was registered on 14 Aug. 1941 and that she was born on 17 July 1941. Barina applied for copy_of this certificate on 19 July 1961. For some reason the 9 in 19 July 1961, is marked over and is an obvious change of the figure 4 to a 9 in the following way 4. An examination of the original will better show if this was a marked over deli ---berate change. Such a change could only be significant if it is not a home-fide decument, actually issued in ARKHANGELSK. Personal document conscious Soviets would note such an obvious change. Certainly if she applied for the two notacized copies of her birth certificate using ITEM #340 as a basis for these new copies she would be closely questioned and it is more than likely that notarized copies would not be issued on a marked over original. Now it might be possible that the first notary would not have noticed the marked over original. However, a necond notarized birth certificate was insued in Minsk by still another notary.

4. Varcing find Texts finate. (feether) in TWTS (18-270)

In econcetion with discussion of Larian OSTANDT. date

of birds, it is restablished to note that this data is

given as TEXT, The on her variables conficulty. This

indicates that IT only is the short she interest to use

as a birthints. The terminate as actural event of

using the entropy year -- 1900 -- in the date, herever,

dues nothing to dispet the confusion of the year of her

birth.

a) West distails might be a feet about the professione in the completion of the continuous rate involved in the completion of such specialization. It appears that at least four possess fore involved in the completion of such specialization. It appears that at the completion of such specialization. It amplies signed for name to the scattering that we are presented as there.

of Nich (Specific Lee also filled in these blanks

different days.

Sulitary service Booklet (Voyetty Milet: hucluded in

tible the William Exemination of here decreased also makes some energy to a concerning both biographic information modified and that found mentaer in Marian's autobiography nor in the reports on interviews with her.

- date of birth, the with a pharmonst's training -arrived in Simple at the wood of August 1860. Thy
 was the not issued a vegrony bilet until 13 Sept. Short: Further, thy was no registration stamp
 placed in the booklet until 18 October?
- b) According to Lee OffilD's diary, Marina was a Kossomol member. The military service backlet, lawoever, shows that she was weither a Kossomol or Cast member. That proper explanation can there offer for this:
- c) in Section XII, "Special notes, (Osobyre Otmethi) of this document, it is shown that Marina was given

the durament also shows, however that on diagnst this notice was cancelled. One legical explanation for this might be that the cancellation was made when baring informed the commissariat of her

marriage. But Mrs. OS MAD should be asked about thus, and he carefully.

d) Section X of this document shows that as noted above. Marina was registered in Minsk in Franzenskiy Mayon on 23 October 1959, whence she was detragistered on 1 August 1961; on 9 August she was registered in Leminsky Payon. Mowhere in Marina's mutobiography, the report on the FBI's interviews of Marina or any other official papers belonging

of mystelence which allowed required then change in .

Togle tration. There is some discussion of the change.

in the childless correspondence, with an indication that their apartness in Franzensky Acyan was reoccupied almost as soon as the OSTAID's left. Mrs. Oswall must be asked about this move in detail. Thy lift they move. What were the exact addresses? the zers their neighbors: And so on. This hove is all the more interesting, not because it was given to little attention in Mrs. Osmald's festismony (it seems she has offered little detailed coverage of any part of her life), but because it took place in the middle of the period in which the ospand's were arranging to return to the M.S. According to Lee's diary for the period. 15 July to 20 August, the OSE da's found that they very required to have around driesty deciments in order to again for an exit visu; they submitted

these documents on to August and Jehrnold that they

In the same a three results have continued to the five continues of the same transfer of the same transfe

- 6. Well hooking. (FTEN 2016) It would be noted here that the copy of this document is suspiced is incomplete; unless the resounder of this document has been sithed, it is necessary to know they begin had only this position of her Term Pooklet.
 - ay Another charge in English's like amon occurred outside the labels of the partial partial is worselven this decorate by an order, detect full factor in the labels are not transferred, apparently

The resultat where our had been working stone 1929.

The resolution of the remons for this charge.

One the Tariy in light of other change acted is in

- the an examination of the beight is required to de-
- Trade Union Pocklet. (Professionly bilet; included in ITEMS 17:-37:0) There are a number of irregularities —

 Indicated to questions below in Sarinally Profesymmyy with the fire ratio simply togland explanations might be found. They do not occur along to, become, and in vita of the accuracy of shall a and applicable residue.

that is a most training that the

success of the terminal and a secretary problem A CARLOTTICE TO SERVE ්, මෙන්න හි **වර්** එවිත වූ අතුර්ත all or all Madien's Porter's in 1759 where t appearant time it. This says book let movember seconds buy trade outen does payments toginning only in late Lobby Continue (t) community at the 190 community call the payments fone, of I rubbet the second. of the corpodes) . After July 1839, as payments are reserve i until famulay this is which year she made monthly payments until formst. No later payments are shown. Aside from the question of laregularity of organits, we must ask down it may join this for various to have present through the 1900 1959 worked without raying does at all. It is not constate and ande union boother aming those three years. ground that Marite was assume her Frest

en de la companya de la co

人名英格兰基 医神经囊 的复数

to the fitting to be a second

The control of the co

In the for the energy of the desired gives the desired of which is the energy of the electric tenths of the district of the di

to the end of the same of the official issuing such that the factors it is investible in totage that the form of the official most help north error in recording her year of birth. It is probable that someone other than Warina filled in the information required for this document; then, wither the testing official or samina deliberate; lied in this instance, they have, when and by show the masteristical information recorded.

Post ster . (Vil en aberel stro. Inc. star).

Papers at said, it is difficult to find lowerestal grounds for a number of questions which might be asked of thes. Ostaid. In any case, however, howevers to the following inquiries concerning ber passent will be of greatest importance and usefulness.

a) bly was Mes. OSMAD given a massport made valid from 11 damany 1961 to 11 damany 1964; It might be said, of course, that it was expected that she would no longer need the passport after, the latter date because sie was the wife of a fils, criticen returning to the U.S. to stay.

the was granted on quota (2-1) status for entry into the U.S. Then, why say the passport rade

to be resit even toes age to in the passeset) to be resit even toes age to in the passeset) to be passes to return to their relatives?
Light two years? On the as get undetermined satary
of a man unable to parchise a passage to the U.S.
on the last; of his own resources; See also paragraph
to a below.

- b) Thy was Jame's name entered into both farina's and inches's sussemit, instead of just into Logis?
 - c) Although the OSWARD's one given official permission to leave (see exit visa) only on II canuary ladi, each diagramates that they flow of this on 5 January However they informed?
- d) Enrichty possit was made valid astil i December 1981, but the drary notes that they had only 6 months in which to leave Shy? Lithough some explanations for this can be found, it seems best to position Ers. OSTAID and let her give the explanations.
- 9. Various Committee, (ITE 1 #349).
 - The Contification of Tinformation on Formore Soling

The entries on the copy of this dominant an provided for hearn and groupletely illigible in spits con-

enders of information maintenants from a significantly constitute endanted communities dent. 65 William pass. and exit visa; thus an particularly true of the portion bearing bor statement of Jestination But proposed leagth of stay. It would be most intary strag also to know what is written hereuth the where a "private axit (obestage vygetal)", to bee State officer to purpose the stanger. Ste was not Anti- in them will be became and and they Therefore move to the company to the same art of given in the space for money and dirthdates Charman of marrhers of the family going sheead? Thy lid the person completing that portion of daring to certificate requiring the date upon which her passport was substitted to the Ministry of larging Whales and the number and date of the cover letter fall to fill in the above-mentioned information, after apparently starting to provide ity b). Contificate of vaccination for Jane, issued by the Missk First City Children's Esspital, May 14, 1982. This date does not correspond Wexn 13y to the date of veccination (15 May) given In Jan : OSWALD's thornotional Confilinate of Vacci-

has five or Revasciontion optiest Smillpox.

one is water matter information from the herproad containing a lettering explicational continuous explication of particularly the same an expense of the continuous afroncessores, particularly in view of the classic with which the hapt is written on the health mutilizate. See paragraph if a) below:

Children in the control of the Children in the copy given an exact that it was about the copy given for a that it was about the copy given for a that it was about the copy given for a tract of the types of papers which it was a tract to the Children special and the copy given the copy of an exact that it is copy at a second to the Children special at the copy of the copy given the copy given the copy given that the copy of the copy given the copy given that the copy of the copy given the copy given the copy given the copy given that the copy of the copy given that the copy given that the copy given the copy given that the copy given is the copy given that the copy given the copy giv

As I fatornation required in completing Variants prarmacy school Hallows has been entered therein, with the exception of the year of for eatry into the school. In view of the men takens by the resulption of the men takens by the resulption of the interest for particular, characteristic man entered in the appropriate many, this entertain can only be complicated deliberate.

11. Two locations Chelinia in 17.11s 71 180). The first of those (see 11 a)) is of greater importance to our

considers and the moment, hearing as it does on the discussion of percentanties in the OSUMID shot records. The reportance of the meaned is yet to be proven.

a) Certificate of revaccination (for Marian), issued by the Bidsk (exact designation unclear in copy) Solyclinic No. 3, 18 May 1961. Again, (see paragraph 9 b) above), the date does not correspond exactly: to the date of vaccination (16 May) given to Marina's International Contificate. Here also it is unlikely that an official certifying a vaccination given by someone else at an earlier date yould have mistaken the date as given on the origival certificate. Then if the certifying ship's physician merely accepted the OSSAID's word for the date of the vaccinations, why did he not so indicate in the International Certificates: Now did it happen that he also accepted their word for Marina's revaccination, on a second (16 May) date? Why a was he given a second date? Surely even if the Offship's had been unable to remember the exact date. They would have remembered that the vaccinations were accomplished on the same day. Then, why did Marina sot return to her former place of employment (the Combined Third Clinical Mospital), for the vaccinations? Remembering that, according to the

one control occurrence of the entire and hear actually bere about the total occurrence of the control occurrence of the special occurrence of the shall be believe that Warlan had also to the shall be abspected and then went to Polycladic No. Is because it was affect to that hospital. It is also possible that Warlan was instructed to have the vaccinations done only at these process. But by whom had under what circumstances were shown instructions i made. The other similar can be disply related inequalities in during a security related inequalities in during a security related inequalities in during the clarified to the question, possed and others indicated be clarified to the greatest detail.

by layedly-outler. Indica should be asked when and to must comen this item ones into her possession and who entered the same of askall (Onthito) of her married has a ward in accomplete with its purpose, maless it belonged to bee, multiply in view of his contally write, it should have been prepared some time introduced to be and that the prepared some time introduced to the only introduced to the sent that the ment of the better portions and the order to be supported. It is not must be the contained to the sent to splenting the better portions to the venture of the sequence.

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Living the 15% in the 25% termine of a cond.

Living the 15% bill interview of each.

Let us thereof formation bains itemation of the Offile's decreases the interview of the matter and the monations, read, to an excanding of the anterior make, the 'improprie taternation are convited -- and failed to provide -- in her interview we convited -- and failed to provide -- in her interview we rewrite the 15% and the apparent with the 15% and the apparent with the 15% and the apparent with the time the interview of a failed and the provide control to the very termination had the interview and a state from the very large and and the provide the according to the control and the control a

first in am hours for mannering.

a) it. Terminals accepting upper union error tile year of; ion contents death to take the term of most are noted that is both error. Forms for this vector into 60, then has me ariginal the date to read TEP577. Then tild has mother dist. It is reasonable that offer so for greats, and for such a contical point in her life, dance, would next make an error of a pear (point of error py Lagran's sun year of birthy).

as Austing ther garations regarding Marina's lather, the year of her birth and that on which she entered plansary school or which were discussed in connection with her documents, we must look at Marina's list of relatives in the USSE. If this autobiography was prepared for the purpose of getting a wisa to the CS -- it was written in the USSR (see note on husbani's place of work), was it necessary to list uncles and auntst. If so, mly did she mention only the DEBLOY's of Wisk and omit contion of the Phosprovis, also of Minsk. Comparatively little contact between "arina and the DERLOY's while in the 455%, and more (a) correspondence) since in the US.). is on record; withe absolut live with the PRUSAKOV's and Albanical carrol min burting among counting to make atterms bey market arther-to-tengence to the the finable report of ther laterwhoman with the tit, the time approachly rade on mention

conjustance it seems, her number Harrya Vasaliyata per to the conjustance it seems, her number Harrya Vasaliyata per to the conjust in the canitation-appropriate Harrya verse was morning in the canitation-appropriate Variations with the BESLOV'S? What conjusts did Lee OSMAID tave with the BESLOV'S? What conjusts did Lee OSMAID tave with the BESLOV'S during the temperature and after the marriage. Did the BESLOV's object to Marina's carriage. Did the BESLOV's object to Marina's carriage. To Dear To an American? Then all the apparent break in relations take

that occasioned the proparation of this autobiogrammer has it, is regressed above, to accompany an application for a visa; hat it to accompany a request for an exit permitty is any time, Marina -- a citizen of the USSE stace birth, fully aware and thoroughly practiced in the regulation of toward like -- morethinly should know very hell that such an autobiograph; as that she has offered would never be accepted even has a Theres' netobrogonaby", as final by Soviet emether at face. It as propose epide teachmoner atter that, Include the man on the treet South despite any imorphisms from the op from ordersy officiale, she would this it is tracent U.S. not barities, too. There then, I are all the basis dota its of her life - acaes, dates, to it bout grosses to find this spotty. control on a first regarding the groups of the comment of the control of the control of The same of the material and with

The interpolation of Problems The interpolation reportage
 The interpolation of the problems proced in the Toron.

 The interpolation of the problems proced in the Toron.

 The interpolation and relies many mass.

- (1) Then Marina's mother maurical Aleksender Ivanovich
 "SLEVID'ESV why did he not adopt Enrich officially and
 letally "According to the material of hand. Marina
 "200 for a year point child mean her sether imerical
 MARILITY, "Thy did Marine continue to live with
 her incompagnous for such a long time after the marriage."
- (1) Thy, after living so long with her grandmother did who then return to live with her mother and step-father. Spon whose decision did she make the changer
- (3) When and why -- before Marina wint to live with them And her mother and stepfather move from Arkhan-ice in to the Melinvian Sim. What was the stepfather doing there:
- (d) That excessioned the Tamily's move to Leningrad? Were varied a stopfather transferred. Or did he change organizations: If he was transferred to Leningrad as a nave within the same organization be must have had a very meet position and remaintain. Also, denording to the interview removed, the adoptation was a skilled point to advantage with a particular position for the factors (sestered) which is also because we have the according by letters (sestered) which is also because of the mentality of the step-

- () Spite the corrections ((we) in the actobiodrawing made to segard to the year of Marian's mother's sectly possibly to coincide with her statement that her someor died during her second year in the Pharmacy Collection.
- deap street on payable Proposes dering her last year in school. Under what discussiances and she go to work there? What were her duties? Now (and how much) was she paid for this work! What of work, etc) can she provide about this job? How was this job to supplicated?
- (7) What type (efficial designation) of pension did Marina and the other children received. To whom (to the children directly, or to the steptather) did the pension faith flow was it received: What was the amount of the pension.
- (8) Marina said she took her meals away from home.
 There's flow was she able to do this? That was her
 total income?
- first job after graduation that made her quit after so to day? It is one thing not cormon, but not un-

The second training pay be assigned; but it is another the second set, when and then quit after one say. Therefore or had these expets a right to a S-day trial periods as barran actioned, it is almost topossible for her to save quit and give on vacation so easily. First, she would have been in trouble immediately with the Komsomor and her trade union. Someof she has said that she spent little time in the deplathers bone taking her meabs outside, because of strained relations. For, there she stayed, apparently with to lacone - no may and no more pensions, either from school or government. Then, her was she able to do this?

said that she lived with an aunt and uncle PRESAKOV her mother's brother and his wife. Warina has said
nothin, more in these interviews about the BERLOV's,
whom she above mentioned in her autobiography (see
paragraph 11 a (2) above) Harina should be asked
about the 's connections with both the PRESALOV's
and the BERLOV's: particularly with the latter:
lee has mentioned other relatives in his drary and
alices, book, but never the EBRLOV's (in this case,
the question should be addressed in just that way ---

The State of the Control of the Cont

for Marien's explanation of the renorm for matthew to fitting as quite an outline top. Had defined by execute med a sec difficulty with the rame. Lee, the charbes next chare would card have been "Lee", or even "Alaksey", in proference in Teep.

to "Alak". She should be questioned further about this.

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know more than she has total include the reason for the samployment in Minsk, mather than Toscow and the reason for the difference between Lee's high pay for his unstitled labor and fer low salary. Tith regard to the latter, even til the only reason was just as Lee himself presented it; he received a subsidy grant through the Red Cross 4- with no other considerations to be made, certainly Marina would have known of this, and, maless there were something sensitive about the subject, should not be religiant to discusse it.

Yet, her testiment would indicate the known little or nothing of these things. Why?

her hashand's nature? At Marina remarked that...he did not all discuss politics with her or, to her knowledge with any other as or lates (see page 16.)" It is not because that an ordinary man-on-the-street American would not discuss politics to a noticeable extent. But

It is described that pre-formulae whose, defend fined Costrol study the Pussian Leaguage and prepare to recovere their citizenship and go to the USUR? How many return to the US to proclaim things Marxist views and hand out pro-Castro pamphlets on street corners. And to assassinate the President of the US? And how was such men, usually, most outstanding for their veciferation, are able to keep noticeably sitent on political subjects even before their gives, while spending two or three years in their "political homeland". Marina must be questioned closely shout these things, just as she must be questioned closely in order to identify these "other associates" with whom Lee OSFALD did not discuss politics.

- KHAR'KOV of which we would know nothing were it not for the small collection of letters written to her during her stay there. Shy did she make no mention of this trip, yet talk freely of her vacation trips to Leningrad, etc. That was the purpose of the trip? What other dotails (length, place of residence, etc.)
- 13. In brief, as indicated in the foregoing, it fis the belief of the undersigned, based on the materials made

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available that faring the full most do no semand, thoroughly and as ones, I rable length, by asia expects and leans available is order to clarify for story and her cole in the actions of her husband following their return to the US.

HEMORANDUM OF TRANSMITTAL

TO	Chief	_
A S. P	Mava	B 1

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ITEM : AEDONOR Interrogation Transcripts

1. Submitted herewith, as requested, are AEDIPPER/20's verbatim transcripts (15; English-language) of his interrogation of AEDCNOR, 26 July-13 August 1955; the first five (5) of these transcripts are accompanied by the corresponding verbatim Russian-language transcripts

	an index t	o the names	mentioned	in all of	the
transcripts also is s	ubmitted. F	urther, the	original E	nglish-la	nguage
transcripts (15), wit	h correction	s, are bein	g returned	to Headqu	arters
with this memo;		correspond	ing tape re	cordings	already
have been returned.					

- 2. With regard to the renainder of the original Headquarters request, it has been agreed that AKDIPPER/20's transcripts are self-explanatory at most points and that his background comments on the course and content of the interrogation will be reserved, to be addressed to any future specific questions and requirements generated in Headquarters review of those transcripts.
- 3. It should be noted here, however in view of part three (3) of Headquarters' request that AEDIPPER/20 did not use false or unfounded statements for any reason in any of the interrogation sessions; it is believed possible that ideas to the contrary may have arisen during review of the original transcripts, which included many instances of improper interpretation of the Russian "double negative". Reviewing the interrogation, AEDIPPER/20 noted only two (2) points at which he did not have a basis in detailed personal knowledge (to 1954) or specific documents for statements made to AEDCHOR:
- a. HRPs (Morskoy Eazvedyvatel'nyy Punkt Navy Intelligence Point) AEDIPPER/20 stated that at the time AEDONOR was assigned to duty with an MRP on the Baltic other MRPs also were in operation in that area; in fact, although AEDIPPER/20 knows that other MRPs were in operation there, he has no knowledge of their specific designations, locations or dates of operation;

BYBS ONLY

- b. Letter on KRUCLOV's Removal AEDIPPER/20's statement that a letter explaining KRUCLOV's removal had been circulated within State Security was based upon personal knowledge, not of the fact itself, but of the State Security practice always of circulating such letters following the removal of other State Security chiefs, such as ABAKUMOV and BERIYA.
- 4. AEDIPPER/20's English-language transcripts employ the following key (not repeated in the transcripts):
 - a. A AEDIPPER/20;
 - b. B AEDONOR;
 - C. C T. H. BAGLEY
- d. () Single sets of parentheses enclose transliterations or, in case of
- e. (2G), (XG), (XH) indicate a number of missing or garbled or otherwise "unreadable" words;
- f. (()) Double sets of parentheses enclose transcriber/
 translator remarks, explanations, etc., in addition to/not part of
 interrogation content;
 - g. (? ?) Queried transcriptions are thus indicated;
- h. ... Ellipses indicate either a brief pause in speech or an unfinished sentence, not omitted or "unreadable" phrases;
- 1. ___ Underlines, except in cases of book and periodical titles, indicate emphasis in speech.
- however, there has been some "emelioration" of the few obscenities found therein.

Attachments : por pars 1

Distribution :

Orig & 1 - Addressee

1 - AEDIPPER/20